List of misprints in Tensor Calculus with Applications by M. A. Akivis and V. V. Goldberg

Page/Line	**Printed**	**Change to**
p. x, −5	and to	and
p. 19, −4	$\boldsymbol{x}\times\boldsymbol{y}+\boldsymbol{x}\times\boldsymbol{z}$.	$\boldsymbol{x}\times\boldsymbol{z}+\boldsymbol{y}\times\boldsymbol{z}$.
p. 21, +6	$\boldsymbol{e}_3$	$\boldsymbol{e}_2$
p. 23, +11	property 3)	property 2)
p. 35, Fig. 4	$\boldsymbol{e}_4$ (2 times)	$\boldsymbol{e}_1$
p. 37, +3	arbitrary	arbitrary orthogonal
p. 41, +6	Cy^2	Cz^2
p. 45, −4	$+\mathrm{Pr}_l\boldsymbol{x}$,	$+\mathrm{Pr}_l\boldsymbol{y}$,
p. 48, +10	d)	e)
p. 48, +15	**1.1**	**2.1**
p. 63, +16	$\boldsymbol{v},\boldsymbol{w}$.	$\boldsymbol{v}$.
p. 67, −15	$\frac{1}{2}\Big[\varphi(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y})+\varphi(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y})\Big]$ $=\frac{1}{2}\Big[\varphi(\boldsymbol{y},\boldsymbol{x})+\varphi(\boldsymbol{y},\boldsymbol{x})\Big]$	$\frac{1}{2}\Big[\varphi(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y})+\varphi(\boldsymbol{y},\boldsymbol{x})\Big]$ $=\frac{1}{2}\Big[\varphi(\boldsymbol{y},\boldsymbol{x})+\varphi(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y})\Big]$
p. 74, −4	prove	prove that
p. 90, +11	$V_e=\pm\varepsilon$.	$V_e=\varepsilon$,
p. 99, −17	$\boldsymbol{x}$	$\boldsymbol{n}$
p. 107, +14	$\boldsymbol{z}=\boldsymbol{A}\boldsymbol{y}$	$\boldsymbol{z}=\boldsymbol{B}\boldsymbol{y}$
p. 110, −4	$\boldsymbol{e}_{i'}$	$\boldsymbol{e}_{j'}$
p. 112, +7	and if	and
p. 113, −10	$\boldsymbol{A}[P(t)]$	$\boldsymbol{A}[P(t)]$
p. 130, +12	p. 78).	p. 78)
p. 167, −5	equation (1)	equations (1)
p. 170, −4	plane L_2	space L_3
p. 212, −9	$\delta_{ji}\omega_j x_i$	$\delta_{jl}\omega_j x_l$
p. 223, −16	r_{ij}	r_{ij}.
p. 230, −16	tensor	vector
p. 245, +20	p. 230	p. 228
p. 246, +15	p. 230	p. 228
p. 260, −13	vector	scalar
p. 261, −4	$d\boldsymbol{e}_{i'}$	$\boldsymbol{e}_{i'}$
p. 264, +4	$\dfrac{\partial^2 a_{ijk}}{\partial x_l \partial x_m}$	$\dfrac{\partial^2 a_{ijk}}{\partial x_l \partial x_m}\,dx_l\,dx_m$
p. 273, −15	$[\boldsymbol{r}(\boldsymbol{c}\cdot\boldsymbol{r}]$	$[\boldsymbol{r}(\boldsymbol{c}\cdot\boldsymbol{r})]$
p. 276, +6	p. 271	p. 269
p. 277, −4	p. 272	p. 270
p. 282, −12	can be can be	can be
p. 282, −1	p. 276	p. 274
p. 286, −4, −3	u_2	u_3
p. 286, −3	u_3	u_2
p. 304, −16	p. 297	p. 295
p. 304, −8	p. 304	p. 302
p. 305, +9	p. 301	p. 299
p. 305, +17	p. 302	p. 300
p. 307, +2	p. 304	p. 302
p. 307, +18	p. 300	p. 298
p. 308, +3	p. 272	p. 270
p. 308, +6	p. 300	p. 298
p. 309, +6	p. 301	p. 299
p. 309, −4	p. 302	p. 300
p. 313, −4	two terms	terms on the left and right sides
p. 316, +4	p. 243	p. 273
p. 316, −3	p. 281	p. 279
p. 316, −2	p. 284	p. 282
p. 326, problem **6**	If $\boldsymbol{a}_i=a_{ij}\boldsymbol{e}_j$, $\boldsymbol{b}_i=b_{ij}\boldsymbol{e}_j$,	If $\boldsymbol{a}_i=a_{ji}\boldsymbol{e}_j$, $\boldsymbol{b}_i=b_{ji}\boldsymbol{e}_j$,
p. 338, +8	$\frac{mR^2}{2}$	$\frac{mR^2}{5}$
p. 340, +8	$\boldsymbol{e}_1^0=\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}},0,\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}\right)$	$\boldsymbol{e}_1^0=\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}},0,\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}\right)$
p. 340, +9	$+24\cdot 10^{-6}\,\Delta y_1\,\Delta y_3$	$+(\Delta y_3)^2+12\cdot 10^{-6}\,\Delta y_1\,\Delta y_3$
p. 341, −9	$2\boldsymbol{a}+\boldsymbol{\omega}\times\boldsymbol{\omega}$.	$2\boldsymbol{a}$.
p. 343, +2	β	u_2
p. 343, −2	$-\frac{k\cos u_2}{r^2}$	$-\frac{k\cos u_2}{(u_1)^2}$