

MATH 213 EXAM I -September 22, 2004

1) For the curve described by the parametric equations $x = 2 \sin 4t + 1$, $y = 2 \cos 4t + 2$

where $0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{8}$

- Eliminate the parameter t and sketch the curve showing the motion of the point $(x(t), y(t))$ as t varies over the given interval
- Determine the equation of the line tangent to the curve at $t = \frac{\pi}{16}$

2) For the curve described by the parametric equations $x = t^3 + t^2$, $y = \frac{1}{t}$, $1 \leq t \leq 2$

Determine, using the parametric form:

- The area between the curve and the x-axis
- Set up (do not solve) the integral for the surface area generated by rotating this curve about the y-axis

3) Determine, for the points $P(-1,0,2)$, $Q(0,1,0)$, $R(1,2,3)$

- The cosine of the angle between the vectors \overrightarrow{RQ} and \overrightarrow{PQ}
- The area of the triangle formed by these points

4) Determine, for the plane given by $x - 2y + z = 2$

- The parametric equations of the line perpendicular to the given plane through the point $(2,1,2)$
- The equation of the line of intersection of the given plane and the x-y plane ($z=0$)
- The cosine of the angle between the given plane and the x-y plane

5) Determine for the velocity vector given by $\mathbf{V} = (3t^2 + 1)\mathbf{i} + e^t\mathbf{j}$

- The position vector at $t=1$, given that $\mathbf{R}_0 = \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$ at $t=0$
- The acceleration vector at $t=1$

6) Determine, for the position vector $\mathbf{R} = t^2\mathbf{i} + t^3\mathbf{j} + \cos(t-1)\mathbf{k}$ at $t=1$

- The unit tangent vector
- The curvature