Read each problem carefully. Please show all your work for each problem! Use only those methods discussed thus far in class. No calculators!

1. Differentiate:

(a) 
$$f(x) = -3 + 2x - 2x^2$$
, (b)  $g(t) = 3t^2(5+t)^3$ ,  
(c)  $h(z) = \frac{5z - 1}{4 - z}$ , (d)  $u(x) = (\sqrt{x} + x^2)^{1/3}$ 

2. Calculate the following limits:

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 - 3}{x^3 + 4x - 2}$$
, (b)  $\lim_{t \to 9} \frac{6 - 2\sqrt{t}}{t(t - 3)}$ , (c)  $\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\theta + 2\tan 3\theta}{\sin \theta}$ , (d)  $\lim_{x \to -1^-} \frac{x}{x + 1}$ .

3. For each function below, determine for which values of x these functions are continuous, and if not, whether the discontinuity is removable or not, and explain why:

(a) 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 1}$$
, (b)  $g(x) = (x + 1)\sqrt{x}$ , (c)  $h(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x + 3}$ .

- 4. Find the equation of the line normal to the curve  $y = x^2 3x + 1$  at the point where x = -1.
- 5. The height, in meters, of a ball thrown vertically upward is  $y(t) = -5t^2 + 30t + 5$ .
  - (a) What is the initial height and velocity of the ball?
  - (b) What is the ball's acceleration?
  - (c) What is the maximum height the ball attains?
- 6. Use the definition of the derivative to find f'(x), if

$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x+1}.$$

7. The length of the side of an equilateral triangle increases at a rate of 2 m/s. What is the rate of change of the area of this triangle, when the area is equal to  $\sqrt{3}$  m<sup>2</sup>?